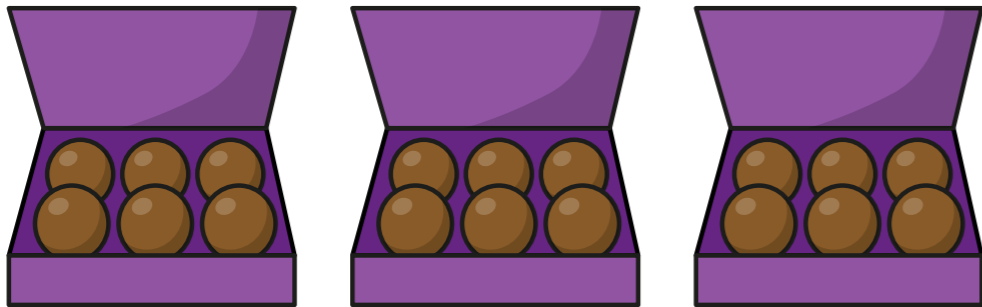


Multiplication sentences using the \times symbol

1 Complete the sentences.

a)

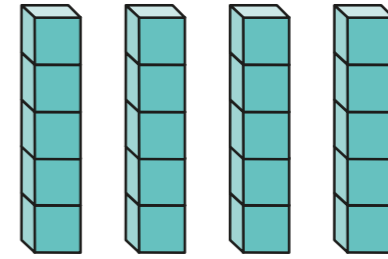


There are equal groups with
in each group.

$$\square + \square + \square = 18$$

$$\square \times \square = 18$$

b)



There are equal groups with
in each group.

$$\square + \square + \square + \square = 20$$

$$\square \times \square = 20$$

c)



There are equal groups with
in each group.

$$\square + \square = 8$$

$$\square \times \square = 8$$

2 Complete the table.

The first one has been done for you.

Addition	Multiplication
$2 + 2 + 2 + 2$	4×2
$5 + 5 + 5$	
$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$	
	2×10

3 Complete the pattern.

$$5 \times 2 = 5 + 5 = \square$$

$$5 \times 3 = 5 + 5 + 5 = \square$$

$$5 \times 4 = 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = \square$$

$$5 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \square$$

What comes next?

4 The total is 16

What could the addition and multiplication be?

5 Use counters to help you complete the number sentences.

a) $3 \times \square = 12$

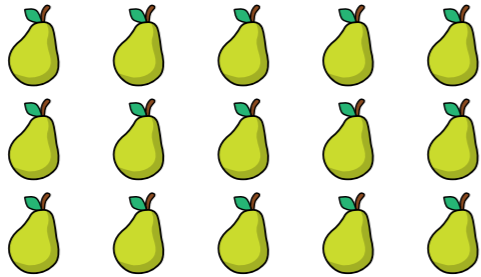
b) $\square \times 4 = 8$

c) $2 \times \square = 10$



Use arrays

1 How many pears are there?



$$\square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

There are pears.

2 How many stars are there?

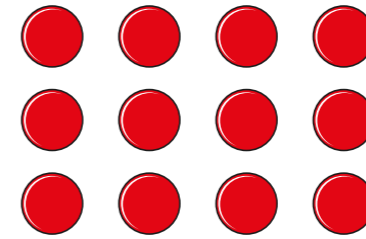


$$\square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

There are stars.

3 Write two additions and two multiplications for the array.



$$\square + \square + \square = \square$$

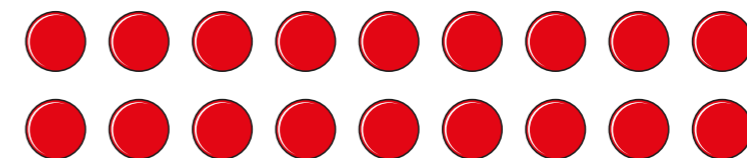
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

$$\square + \square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

What do you notice?

4 Write two multiplications for this array.



$$\square \times \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$



- 5 Draw an array to show 7×3
Complete the number sentence.

$7 \times 3 =$

Is there more than one way to draw the array?

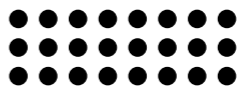
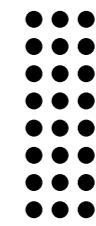


- 6 Draw three different arrays to show 12

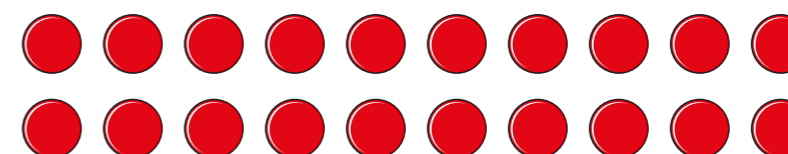


- 7 Draw dots to show each multiplication in two ways.

The first one has been done for you.

Multiplication	Array 1	Array 2
3×8		
2×5		
4×9		
6×1		

- 8 Can you see the multiplications 5×4 and 4×5 in the array?



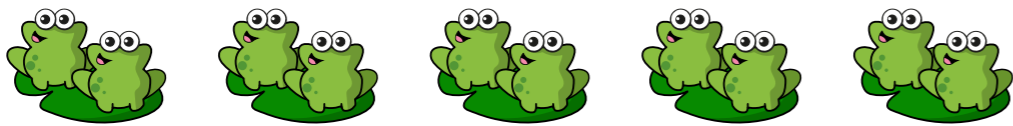
Talk about it with a partner.



The 2 times-table

1 Write a fact from the 2 times-table to match the picture.

a)



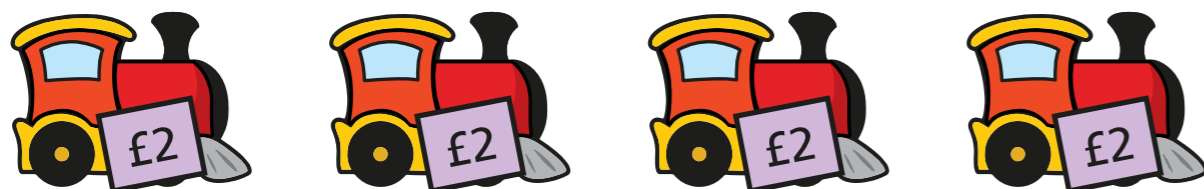
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

b)



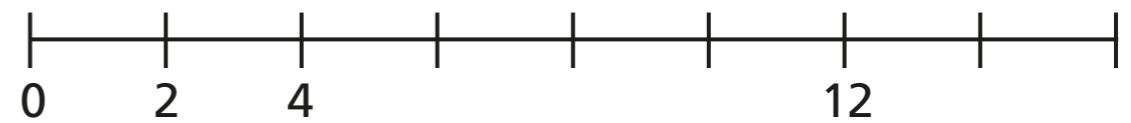
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

c)



$$\square \times \square = \square$$

2 a) Complete the number line.



b) Which times-table does the number line show?

Tick your answer.

1 times-table 2 times-table

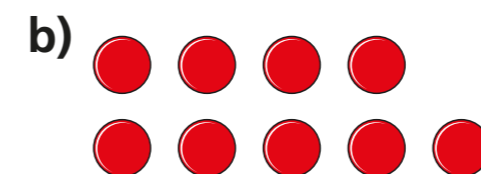
3 times-table

How do you know?

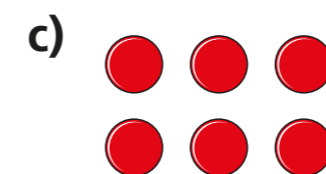
3 Complete the array and times-table fact so that they match.



$$2 \times 2 = \square$$



$$2 \times 5 = \square$$



$$2 \times \square = 8$$

4 Complete the number sentences.

a) $3 \times 2 =$

f) $= 12 \times 2$

b) $= 9 \times 2$

g) $2 \times$ $= 2$

c) $2 \times 5 =$

h) $2 \times 0 =$

d) $2 \times$ $= 4$

i) $14 = 2 \times$

e) $12 =$ $\times 2$

j) $\times 2 = 22$

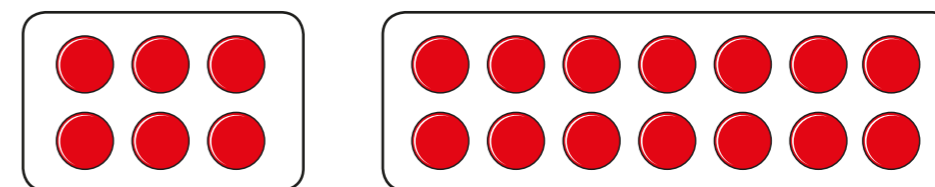
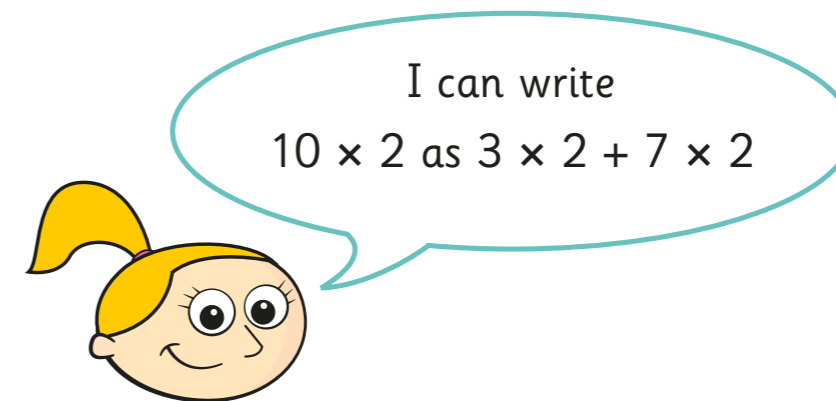
5 Teddy has £8

Rosie has twice as much money as Teddy.

How much money does Rosie have?

Rosie has £

6 Eva is writing 10×2 in different ways.



Find three more ways that you can write 10×2

Use counters to help you.

\times $+$ \times

\times $+$ \times

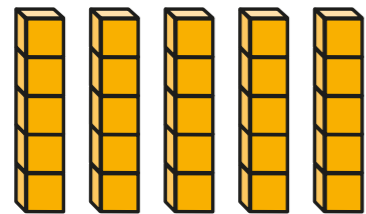
\times $+$ \times

Compare answers with a partner.

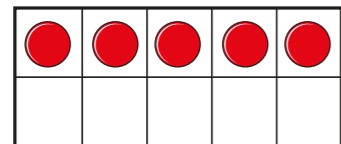


The 5 times-table

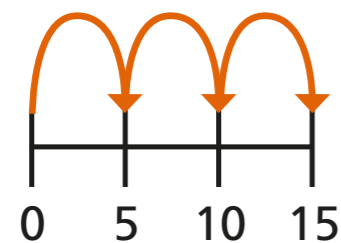
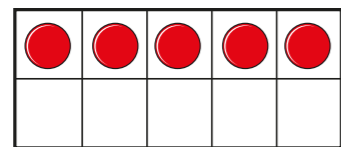
1 a) Match the picture to the times-table fact.



3×5



2×5



1×5

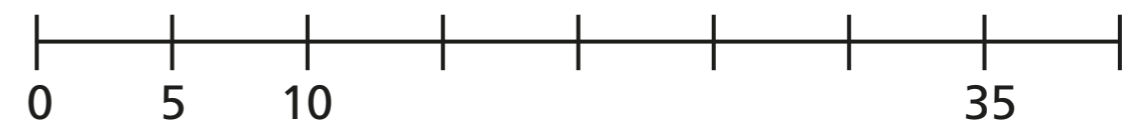


5×5

b) Draw a picture to show 4×5



2 a) Complete the number line.



b) Which times-table does the number line show?

Tick your answer.

1 times-table

2 times-table

5 times-table

How do you know?



3 Complete the number sentences.

a) $5 \times 5 =$

f) $= 11 \times 5$

b) $= 9 \times 5$

g) $5 \times$ $= 5$

c) $5 \times 6 =$

h) $5 \times 0 =$

d) $5 \times$ $= 40$

i) $10 = 5 \times$

e) $35 =$ $\times 5$

j) $\times 5 = 60$

4 How much money does Ron have?



Complete the multiplication.

\times $=$

Ron has p.

5 Write $<$, $>$ or $=$ to compare the calculations.

7×5 5×8

6×5 $4 \times 5 + 2 \times 5$

2×5 $3 \times 5 - 1 \times 5$

12×2 2×12

6 A sandwich costs £2 and a box of crayons costs £5



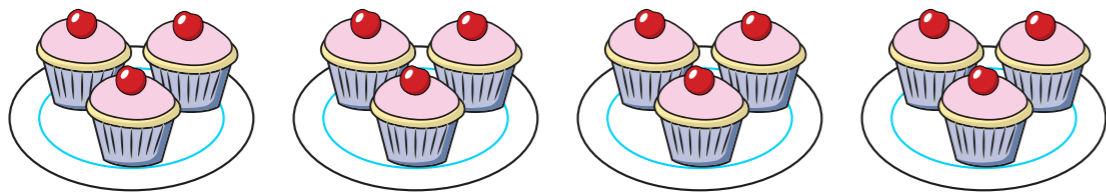
Jack buys 5 sandwiches and 3 boxes of crayons. How much does he spend in total?

Jack spends £

Equal groups

1 Complete the sentences to describe the groups.

a)

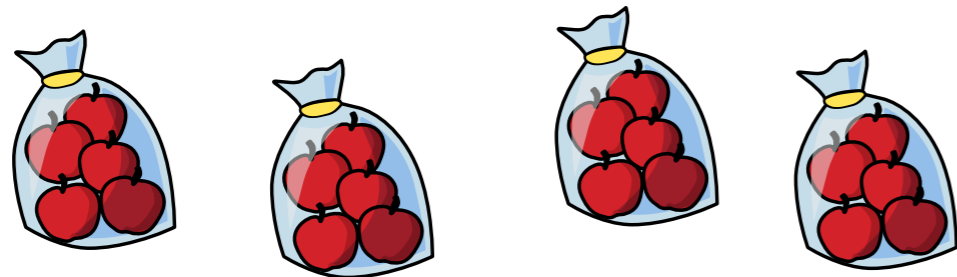


There are plates.

Each plate has cakes.

There are equal groups of

b)



There are bags.

Each bag has apples.

There are equal groups of

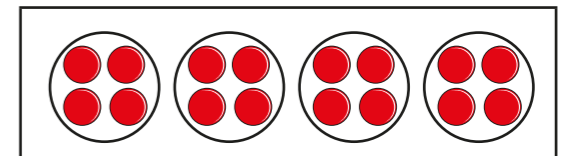
- 2 Kim has 6 equal groups of 5
- Use cubes to represent this.
 - Draw your cubes.

What could the cubes represent?

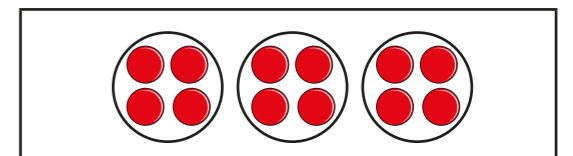
Talk about it with a partner.

3 Match the statements to the representations.

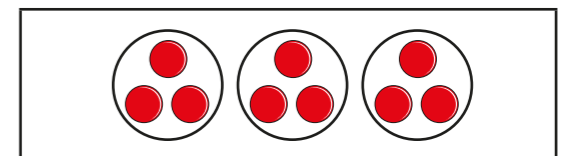
3 equal groups of 4



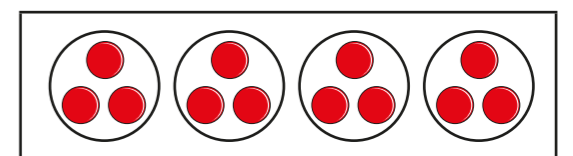
3 equal groups of 3



4 equal groups of 3



4 equal groups of 4



4



Arrange the coins into 3 equal groups.

How many coins are there in each group?



5

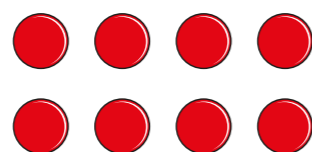
What would 5 equal groups of 0 look like?

Draw your answer.

What could the number story be?

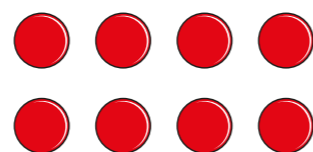
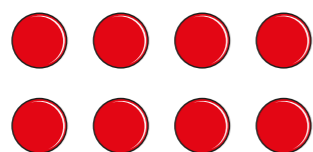
6

Dani makes an array.



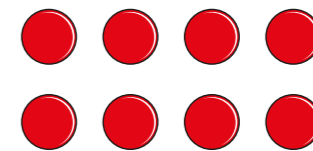
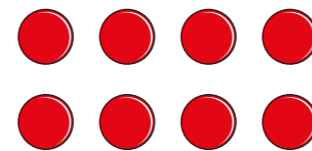
a) Circle 4 groups of 2

Do this in two different ways.



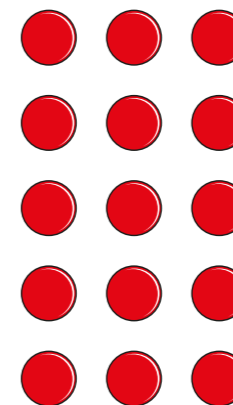
b) Circle 2 groups of 4

Do this in two different ways.



7

Filip has used counters to represent 5 equal groups of 3

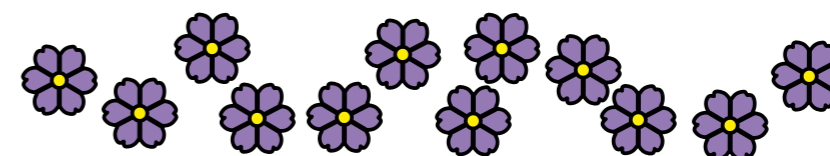


a) Draw more counters to represent 5 equal groups of 4

b) How many more counters did you draw?

c) What do you notice?

8



a) How many ways can you arrange the flowers into equal groups?

b) How do you know you have found all the ways?

